

**ATG5 Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90767****Specification**

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**ATG5 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9H1Y0</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal

**Other Names**

APG 5L; APG5; APG5 autophagy 5 like; APG5 like; APG5-like; Apoptosis specific protein; ASP; ATG 5; ATG5 autophagy related 5 homolog; Autophagy protein 5; hAPG5;

Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	32447 Da

**ATG5 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ATG5
Description	Required for autophagy. Conjugates to ATG12 and associates with isolation membrane to form cup-shaped isolation membrane and autophagosome. Involved in mitochondrial quality control after oxidative damage, and in subsequent cellular longevity.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

**ATG5 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** ATG5 ([HGNC:589](#))

**Synonyms** APG5L, ASP

**Function**

Involved in autophagic vesicle formation. Conjugation with ATG12, through a ubiquitin-like conjugating system involving ATG7 as an E1-like activating enzyme and ATG10 as an E2-like

conjugating enzyme, is essential for its function. The ATG12-ATG5 conjugate acts as an E3- like enzyme which is required for lipidation of ATG8 family proteins and their association to the vesicle membranes. Involved in mitochondrial quality control after oxidative damage, and in subsequent cellular longevity. Plays a critical role in multiple aspects of lymphocyte development and is essential for both B and T lymphocyte survival and proliferation. Required for optimal processing and presentation of antigens for MHC II. Involved in the maintenance of axon morphology and membrane structures, as well as in normal adipocyte differentiation. Promotes primary ciliogenesis through removal of OFD1 from centriolar satellites and degradation of IFT20 via the autophagic pathway. As part of the ATG8 conjugation system with ATG12 and ATG16L1, required for recruitment of LRRK2 to stressed lysosomes and induction of LRRK2 kinase activity in response to lysosomal stress (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.  
Note=Colocalizes with nonmuscle actin. The conjugate detaches from the membrane immediately before or after autophagosome formation is completed (By similarity). Also localizes to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme and to the base of the ciliary axoneme. Under starved conditions, the ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex is translocated to phagophores driven by RAB33B (PubMed:32960676). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32960676}

#### **Tissue Location**

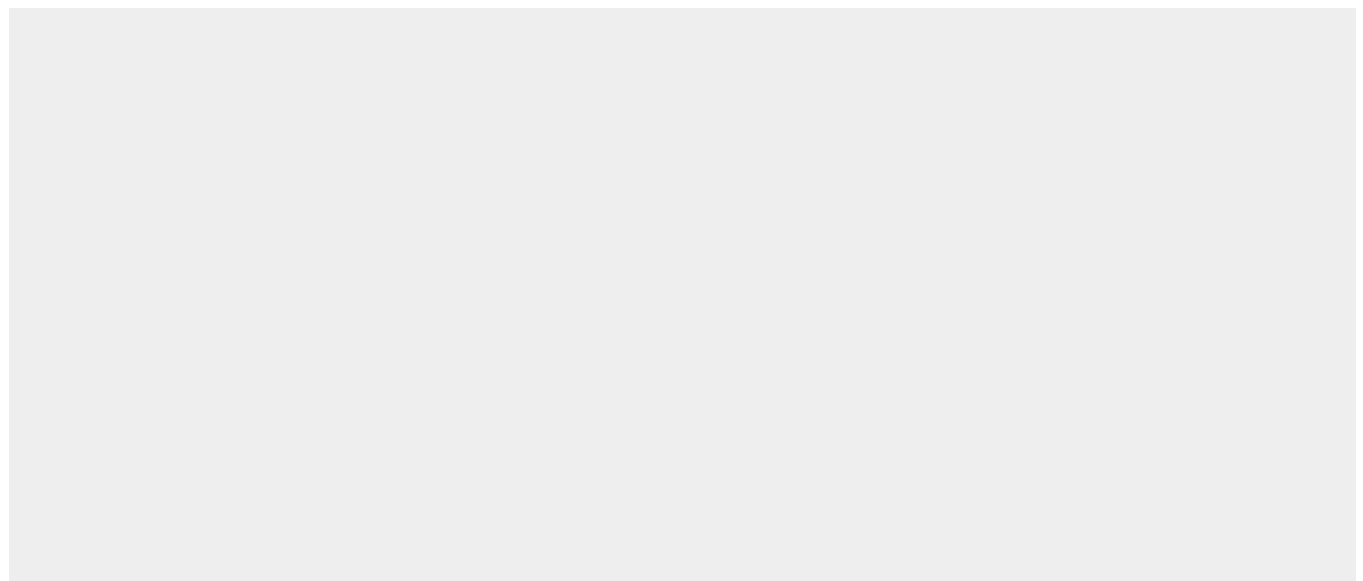
Ubiquitous. The mRNA is present at similar levels in viable and apoptotic cells, whereas the protein is dramatically highly expressed in apoptotic cells

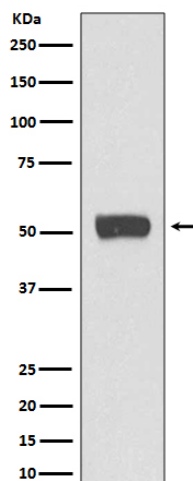
#### **ATG5 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **ATG5 Antibody - Images**





Western blot analysis of ATG5 expression in Raji cell lysate.